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NEW DELHI, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 17, 1949

NOTICE

The undermentioned Gazettes of India Extraordinary were published during the week ending the 14th December 1949 :—

S. No.	No. and Date	Issued by	Subject
1	No. LR.1(97), dated the 6th December 1949.	Ministry of Labour	Amendment in the Industrial Disputes (Central) Rules, 1947.
2	No. CA/43/Ser/49-I, dated the 6th December 1949.	Constituent Assembly of India	Provisions in the Constituent Assembly Rules.
	No. CA/43/Ser/49-II, dated the 7th December 1949.	Ditto	Reassignment of certain members of the Constituent Assembly representing States.
	No. CA/43/Ser/49-III, dated the 7th December 1949.	Ditto	Modifications in the Constituent Assembly Rules.
4	Nos. LR-2(251) I, dated the 9th December 1949.	Ministry of Labour	Award of the All India Industrial Tribunal (Bank Disputes) in respect of the banking companies in the Province of Madras, and order of the Government of India making the award binding for one year w. o. f. 4th November 1949.
5	No. I(1)-1(146), dated the 10th December 1949.	Ministry of Industry and Supply	Amendment to Notification No. I(1)-1 (146), dated the 28th May 1949.
6	Ordinance No. XXXIII of 1949, dated the 10th December 1949.	Ministry of Law	The Taxation Laws Amendment (Second) Ordinance, 1949.

Copies of the Gazettes Extraordinary mentioned above will be supplied on indent to the Manager of Publications, Civil Lines, Delhi. In tents should be submitted so as to reach the Manager within ten days of the date of issue of this Gazette.

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PART I—Section 1

Government of India Notifications relating to Rules, Regulations and Orders and Resolutions (other than the Ministry of Defence)

PRIME MINISTER'S SECRETARIAT, INDIA.

New Delhi, the 13th December 1949

No. 11-H.—The following extract from the London Gazette is published for general information:—

Extract from London Gazette, dated 14th November 1947

CENTRAL CHANCERY OF THE ORDERS OF KNIGHTHOOD.

St. James Palace S. W. 1,
14 November 1947.

The King has been graciously pleased to approve the award of British Empire Medal (Military Division) in recognition of gallant conduct in carrying out hazardous work in a very brave manner to the undermentioned:—

No. A 17127 Sowar CHABBILA RAM, C.I.H.

No. 23539 L/Nk. BHAGWANA RAM, 3 Raj. Rif.

No. 2750 Nk. GANGADHOJ MAGAR, 1/7 G.R.

THE WAR OFFICE,
14th November 1947.

The King has been graciously pleased to approve the publication of the name of the undermentioned as having been granted King's Commendation for Brave Conduct:—

No. 27499 Rifleman MOLAR RAM, 3 Raj. Rif.

A. V. PAL,
Principal Private Secretary.

MINISTRY OF HOME AFFAIRS

New Delhi, the 6th December 1949

No. 28/10/49-Police-I.—His Excellency the Governor General has been pleased on the advice of his Ministers to award the Indian Police Medal for gallantry to the undermentioned officers of the Rampur State Police:—

Names of the Officers and ranks.—(1) Janab Abdul Rahman Khan, Superintendent of Police, Rampur (late Deputy Inspector General of Police, Rampur State, United Provinces) and (2) Janab Abdul Rahman Khan, Circle Inspector, Rampur, United Provinces.

Statement of services for which the decorations have been awarded.—In August 1947, there were serious disturbances in the Rampur State. Chunni Khan, an ex-Army soldier and a notorious bad character of the State who had illegally possessed himself of certain firearms joined the mob and played a leading part in subversive activities. A gang headed by him set fire to Government buildings, Courts, Police Station, Tehsil and the houses of State and Police Officials. The situation was ultimately brought under control. Chunni Khan with an organised gang of bad characters encountered a police party and shot down a Sub-Inspector and a Constable. Later, a posse of armed police under Sub-Inspector Hamid Shah Khan tried to round him up but he too was shot dead. Thereafter this gang indulged in dacoities, murders, etc., at the border of the State. In spite of the best efforts by the State police and military forces the gang could not be rounded up and thus became a terror on the border of Moradabad and Rampur State.

Janab Abdul Rahman Khan, Deputy Inspector General of Police of the Rampur State and Janab Abdul Rahman Khan, Circle Inspector, were deputed to arrest Chunni Khan and his gang. On the night of the 27th December 1947 the Circle Inspector Abdul Rahman Khan got information about the presence of Chunni Khan and his gang in village Dalel Nagar on the border of the State.

These two police officers raided the Chaupal at 3 A.M. where Chunni Khan was reported to be staying. The Chaupal was dark and there was no place nearby to serve as cover. They rushed into the Chaupal suddenly from the front opening. Chunni Khan who was awake fired at the police party. Janab Abdul Rahman Khan, Deputy Inspector General, and Janab Abdul Rahman Khan, Circle Inspector, were in front and had a miraculous escape. They fired at Chunni Khan and shot him dead.

The two police officers displayed conspicuous gallantry at great personal risk in this encounter.

2. These awards are made for gallantry under regulation (d)(1) of the Regulations governing the award of the Indian Police Medal and the award in the case of No. (2) consequently carries with it the special allowance admissible to officers of and below the rank of Inspector of Police.

No. 28/22/49-Police-I.—His Excellency the Governor-General has been pleased on the advice of his Ministers to award the Indian Police Medal for gallantry to the undermentioned officers of the United State of Saurashtra Police:—

Name of the Officer and rank.—Biharilal J. Oza, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Rajkot Division of the Madhya Saurashtra District.

Statement of services for which the decoration has been awarded.—On the 18th November 1948, information was received by the Deputy Superintendent, Mr. Oza, that Vikram Ravat, a dangerous outlaw, murderer, and dacoit, who was wanted by the Police in a number of cases and was at large for the last 2 years, was taking shelter at Anandpur. Taking a police party with him the Deputy Superintendent immediately left Rajkot at dead of night and surrounded the hut where the dacoit, armed with deadly weapons, was reported to be taking shelter. Scouting the presence of Police the dacoit tried to escape. At this stage an encounter ensued between the dacoit and the police party and shots were exchanged. During the encounter Mr. Oza led the police party courageously and gallantly at the risk of his life. When the dacoit was asked to surrender after receiving a hit on his hand, he tried to fire at Mr. Oza, but was shot down first.

Throughout this encounter Mr. Oza displayed leadership, courage and determination of a high order.

Name of the Officer and rank.—Prabhatsinhji K. Jhala, Inspector of Police, on Special Duty.

Statement of services for which the decoration has been awarded.—The Police of the United State of Saurashtra as well as of the Baroda and Junagadh States had for long been trying to round up a gang of dangerous outlaws headed by Rahimutullah. This gang had cast a spell of terror throughout certain parts of Saurashtra, Baroda and Junagadh by committing a series of crimes such as murder, mutilation, dacoity, robbery, etc., so much so that the cultivators, etc., could not dare to come out freely for their usual avocations even during the day. Mr. Jhala, Inspector of the United State of Saurashtra, was in charge of one of the police parties posted at Babra Police Station for the purpose. On the 17th February 1949, Mr. Jhala received information that the dacoits, Rahimutullah and Suraj, were taking shelter in a house at Galkotdi, a village near Babra. Mr. Jhala with a small police party immediately proceeded to the village and surrounded the house in question. At this stage an encounter ensued and firing was resorted to on both sides. The police party was however, at a disadvantage as it was in an open space without any shelter. Undaunted by this firing and at great personal risk, Mr. Jhala led the police party with

about 10 yards from the house. Eventually both Rahimutullah and Surag were shot dead by Mr Jhala and his party. The dacoits were found to be in possession of a .803 bore rifle, a double barrel gun and a muzzle-loading gun with ample ammunition.

Mr. Jhala showed great courage throughout the encounter in leading his party under fire across open ground.

New Delhi, the 8th December 1949

No. 7/26/49-Ests.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 241 of the Government of India Act, 1935, the Governor General is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Rules published with the notification of the Government of India in the late Home Department, No. F.9/19/30-Ests., dated the 27th February 1932, namely:—

“Assistants-in-charge, Assistants and Stenographers	Deputy Director General, Staff and Establishments.	Director, Staff and Establishments.	(i) & (v) Deputy Director General, Staff and Establishments.
Clerks, Draftsmen, Tracers, Messengers, Drivers, and Carpenters.	Director, Staff and Establishments.	Deputy Director General, Staff and Estts. Director, Staff and Establishments	All Director General. All Deputy Director General, Staff and Establishments.
Class IV Officers.	Administrative Officer.	Administrative Officer. Director, Staff and Establishments.	(i) to (v) Director, Staff and Establishments. (vi) & (vii) Deputy Director General, Staff and Establishments.

C. B. GULATI, Under Secy.

New Delhi, the 7th December 1949

No. 140/49-F.II.—In pursuance of sub-clause (ii) of clause (b) of Article 6 of the Constitution of India, the Government of the Dominion of India is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the Schedule to the Government of India, Ministry of Home Affairs Notification No. 140/49-F.II dated the 1st December, 1949, namely:—

In the said Schedule:—

(1) under the heading “Provinces”—

(a) for entry 1, the following entries shall be substituted, namely:—

“1. The area within the jurisdiction of the Calcutta Corporation. The Collector of Stamp Revenue for Calcutta.

1A. Each sub-division or Tahsil (by whatever name called) of Parganas district excluding any area falling within the jurisdiction of the Calcutta Corporation or any other district of West Bengal. The officer (by whatever name designated) in charge of the revenue administration of the sub-division or Tahsil;

(b) after entry 3, the following entries shall be inserted, namely:—

3A. Bilaspur The Revenue Assistant.
3B. Coorg The Assistant Commissioner.
3C. Ajmer-Merwara The Relief and Rehabilitation Commissioner”

(2) under the heading “States”, after entry 1, the following entry shall be inserted, namely:—

1A. Each sub-district of Saurashtra The Deputy Collector of the sub-district.”

MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS

New Delhi, the 11th December 1949

No. 458-PT.—On the 6th December, 1949, His Excellency the Governor-General received His Excellency Luang Phinit Akson, who presented his Letters of Credence as Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of Thailand to India.

O. V. RAMADORAI, Under Secy.

2. These awards are made for gallantry under regulation d (i) of the Regulations governing the grant of the Indian Police Medal and consequently carry with them the special allowance admissible to officers of and below the rank of Inspector of Police.

(K GHOSHAI, Dy. Secy.

In the Schedule annexed to the said Rules, under the head “Department of Communications” and the sub-head “Indian Posts and Telegraphs Department”, under the heading “(A) Services”, for the entries under the sub-heading “(1) Office of the Director General of Posts and Telegraphs” the following entries shall be substituted, namely:—

New Delhi, the 12th December 1949

No. 16/20/49-Public.—In article 16 of the Table of Precedence published in the Ministry of Home Affairs Notification No. 16/10/48-Pub., dated the 16th October 1948, for the entry “Flag Officer Commanding, Royal Indian Naval Squadron” substitute “Commodore Commanding, Royal Indian Naval Squadron”

New Delhi, the 14th December 1949

No. 140/49-F.II.—In pursuance of sub-clause (ii) of clause (b) of Article 6 of the Constitution of India, the Government of the Dominion of India is pleased to appoint in respect of the area within the jurisdiction of the Calcutta Corporation the following Additional Registering Officers by whom persons residing within that area may be registered as citizens of India under the provisions of the said sub-clause:—

1. Sri Dharendra Nath Sarkar,
2. Sri Pabitra Kumar Ghosh,
3. Sri Durga Sankar Bose,
4. Sri Anil Kumar Dutta,
5. Sri Kshitish Chandra Dhar,
6. Sri Nirendra Nath Chakravarti,
7. Sri Barindra Nath Sen,
8. Sri Hem Kumar Ganguly,
9. Sri S. Burdhan,
10. Sri Akhil Kumar Mookerjee,
11. Sri Satyaranjan Dutta,
12. Sri Gouripada Chakravarti,
13. Sri Banku Behari Sinha,
14. Sri Nalini Kanta Choudhuri,
15. Sri Gonesh Chandra De,
16. Sri Dwijendra Mohan Moitra.

FATEH SINGH, Dy. Secy.

FEDERAL COURT OF INDIA

New Delhi, the 12th December 1949

No. F-6/49-F.C.J.—The following is published for general information:—

AMENDMENT TO FEDERAL COURT RULES, 1942

The Federal Court, in exercise of its rule-making powers and with the approval of the Governor General, hereby

makes the following further amendment to the Federal Court Rules, 1942:—

In Part 11-C, Order XVIII-B, re-number the existing rule 2 as rule 2(a) and at the end of the rule insert the following as rule 2(b).

“2(b). The above mentioned rule 3, as amended, and rules 4, 5 and 11 of Order XVIII-A shall apply *mutatis mutandis* to Petitions for special leave to appeal in *forma*

pauperis, but in addition to the affidavits referred to in rule 5 every such petition shall be accompanied by an affidavit from the Petitioner stating that he is not entitled to property worth rupees one hundred other than his necessary wearing apparel, and also by a certificate of Counsel that the Petitioner has reasonable ground of Appeal.”

By Order of the Court,
P. N. MURTY, Registrar.

MINISTRY OF FINANCE

New Delhi, the 7th December 1949

No. F. 12(12)-E.III/49.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (a) of sub-section (2) of Section 241 of the Government of India Act, 1935, the Governor General is pleased to direct that the following further

amendment shall be made in the Fundamental Rules, namely:—

In the proviso to rule 22 of the said Rules, after the words “after resignation”, the words “or removal or dismissal” shall be inserted

C. S. MENON, Dy. Secy.

New Delhi, the 6th December 1949

No. D. 5175-F. 111/49.—Statement of the Affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, as on the 2nd December 1949.

BANKING DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES		Rs.	ASSETS		Rs.
Capital paid up	.	5,00,00,000	Notes	.	28,47,30,000
Reserve Fund	.	5,00,00,000	Rupee Coin	.	12,22,000
Deposits:—			Subsidiary Coin	.	1,66,000
(a) Government—			Bills Purchased and Discounted:—		
(1) Central Government	.	133,15,69,000	(a) Internal	.	25,18,000
(2) Other Governments	.	23,36,52,000	(b) External	.	
(b) Banks	.	79,18,40,000	(c) Government Treasury Bills	.	1,30,39,000
(c) Others	.	64,17,66,000	Balances held abroad*	.	194,82,12,000
Bills Payable	.	5,55,95,000	Loans and Advances to Governments	.	2,00,000
Other Liabilities	.	8,17,32,000	Other Loans and Advances	.	6,57,81,000
			Investments	.	90,12,61,000
			Other Assets	.	3,90,25,000
	Rupees	323,61,54,000		Rupees	323,61,54,000

* Includes Cash and Short term Securities.

An Account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 2nd day of December 1949

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES		Rs.	Rs.	ASSETS		Rs.	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	.	26,47,30,000		A.—Gold Coin and Bullion:—			
Notes in circulation	.	1082,88,28,000		(a) Held in India	.	40,01,71,000	
Total Notes issued	.	1109,35,58,000		(b) Held outside India	.		
				Foreign Securities	.	600,34,38,000	
				Total of A	.	640,36,08	
				B.—Rupee Coin	.	53,76,74,000	
				Government of India	.		
				Rupee Securities	.	415,22,75,000	
				Internal Bills of Exchange and other Commercial Paper	.		
Total Liabilities	.	1109,35,58,000		Total Assets	.	1109,35,58,000	

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities: 57.724 per cent.

Dated the 7th day of December 1949.

B. RAMA RAU, Governor

K. G. AMBEGAOKAR, Secy.

MINISTRY OF FINANCE (REVENUE DIVISION)

INCOME-TAX

New Delhi, the 5th December 1949

No. 114.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 10 of the Taxation on Income (Investigation Commission) Act 1947, (XXX of 1947), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following amend-

ments shall be made in the Taxation on Income (Investigation Commission) Rules, 1948, namely:—

In the said rules,—

(a) after rule 10, the following rule shall be inserted, namely:—

“11. An application under sub-section (5) of section 8 of the Act shall be addressed to the Commissioner of Income-tax who has jurisdiction in income-tax matters over the applicant and shall be in the form prescribed in the Schedule annexed to these rules.”;

(b) after rule 11 as so inserted, the following Schedule shall be added, namely:—

SCHEDULE

(See rule 11)

FORM OF APPLICATION UNDER SECTION 8(5).

Application for a reference to the High Court under Section 8(5) of the Taxation on Income (Investigation Commission) Act, 1947

Before the Commissioner of Income-tax,.....

In the matter of the order made in the course of proceedings taken in pursuance of a direction of the Central Government under sub-section (2) of section 8 of the Taxation on Income (Investigation Commission) Act, 1947 in the case of—

R. C. No.	Name of assessee.
.....
.....
.....
.....

Province from which the application is filed.....
Particulars and number and date of the order which gives rise to the reference.....
Income-tax or Excess Profits Tax Circle to which the order relates.....

The applicant states as follows—

- 1. that the order noted above was passed on.....
- 2. that notice of the order was served on the applicant on.....

3. that the facts which are admitted and/or found by the Income-tax Investigation Commission and which are necessary for drawing up a statement of the case, are stated in the enclosure for ready reference.

4. that the following question(s) of law arise(s) out of the order.

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.

5. that the applicant, therefore, requires under sub-section (5) of section 8 of the aforesaid Act that a Statement of the case be drawn up and the question(s) of law numbered.....out of the questions of law referred to in paragraph 4 above be referred to the High Court.

6. that the documents or copies thereof, as specified below (and of which copies and English translations wherever necessary, are annexed) be forwarded to the High Court with the statement of the case.

List of documents.....
.....
.....

Signature of Applicant

Status of Applicant

Address of Applicant.....

Date.....

N.B.—The application must be accompanied by a fee of one hundred rupees. It is suggested that the fee should be credited in the Treasury or a branch of the Imperial Bank of India or a branch of the Reserve Bank of India, after obtaining a chalan from the Income-tax Officer or the Excess Profits Tax Officer and the triplicate chalan sent to the Commissioner with the application. The Commissioner will not accept cheques, drafts, hundies or other negotiable instruments.

New Delhi, the 17th December 1949

No. 116.—It is notified for general information that the Central Government has approved the institution mentioned below for purposes of sub-section (1) of section 15-B of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (XI of 1922).

United Provinces

332 Digamber Jain College, Baraut.

PYARE LAL, Dy. Secy

DAINGEROUS DRUGS

New Delhi, the 17th December 1949

No. 12.—In pursuance of clause (a) of rule 2 of the Central Opium Rules, 1934, the Central Government is pleased to define, in accordance with the Schedule appended hereto, the tracts in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh within which poppy may be cultivated on account of Government during the year ending the 30th September 1950.

SCHEDULE

Districts	Parganas
Ghazipur	Zamania, Dehna, Mohammadsbad, Zahurabad, Shadiabad, Pachotar, Ghazipur and Bahariabad.
Ballia	Kopachit West, Kopachit East, Lakhnesar, Sikandarpur West, Sikandarpur East, Kharid, Ballia and Bhadaon.
Deoria	Salempur, Sylhat and Sidhuajobna.
Gorakhpur	Unaula, Chillupar, Bhawāpar and Dhuriapur.
Gonda	Pahatapur, Gwarich, Digsir, Mahadewa, Gonda, Nawabganj, Mankapur, Sadulanagar, Utraula and Balrampur.
Faizabad	Magalsi, Khandasa and Rath.
Basti	Armorb.
Barabanki	Ram Nagar, Badusarar, Nawabganj, Partabganj, Satrikh, Sidhaur, Haidergarh, Subeha and Rudauli.
Bareilly	Sanaha, Ballia, Aonla and Faridpur.
Shahjahanpur	Jalalabad, Kant, Khara Bajhera, Negohi and Tilhar.

CUSTOMS

New Delhi, the 17th December 1949

No. 69.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the late Finance Department (Central Revenues), No. 6-Camp-Customs, dated the 15th February 1944, the Central Government is pleased to appoint the under-mentioned officers to be officers of Customs in respect of the ports specified against each and to exercise the powers conferred, and to perform the duties imposed, by the said Act, on such officers, namely:—

- 1. The Assistant Collector of Central Excise, Puri Division, Puri. All Customs ports situated in the Province of Orissa.
- 2. (i) The Superintendent of Central Excise, Berhampur Circle, Berhampur. The Customs ports of Puri and Gopalpur.
- (ii) The Superintendent of Central Excise, Cuttack Circle, Cuttack. The Customs ports of Chandbali and Balasore.
- 3. All Officers in charge of the Custom Houses at the Customs ports in the Province of Orissa. The Customs ports situated in their respective jurisdictions.

No. 70.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Central Government is pleased to exempt bright drawn and polished drill rods made of special steel of the categories specified in item 63(30) of the First Schedule of the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 (XXXII of 1934), used for the manufacture of small tools, from so much of the customs duty leviable thereon under the said item as is in excess of the duty of—

- (1) 5 per cent *ad valorem* if the said goods are of British manufacture, and
- (2) 15 per cent *ad valorem* if the said goods are of any other manufacture

A N. PURI, Dy. Secy.

CENTRAL BOARD OF REVENUE**CUSTOMS***New Delhi, the 17th December 1949*

No. 68.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause (c) of section 11 of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), the Central Board of Revenue makes the following further amendment in its notification No. 43-Customs, dated the 21st September 1940, namely:—

In the table appended to the said notification, after entry 50, the following entry shall be inserted, namely:—

“51. Cotton Depot at Rev- Road Station Plat- forms ‘A’ to ‘D’.	Dutiable cotton Consignments landed in the Docks	Nil
--	---	-----

A. N. PURI, Secy.

INCOME-TAX*New Delhi, the 17th December 1949*

No. 115.—In pursuance of sub-section (4) of section 5 of the Indian Income-tax Act, 1922 (XI of 1922), the Central Board of Revenue directs that the following further amendment shall be made in the Schedule appended to its notification No. 32-Income tax, dated the 9th November 1946, namely:

In the said Schedule under the sub-head ‘IX-Bihar and Orissa’ for the existing Ranges and Income-tax Circles the following Ranges and Income-tax Circles shall be substituted, namely:—

1. *Patna*—

- (1) Patna
- (2) Gaya-Palamau
- (3) Shahabad.
- (4) Special Circles, Patna
- (5) Dhanbad Circle.

2. *Muzaffarpur*—

- (1) Muzaffarpur.
- (2) Champaran
- (3) Saran.
- (4) Darbhanga.
- (5) Purnea.
- (6) Monghyr.
- (7) Bhagalpur.
- (8) Santal Parganas

3. *Ranchi*—

- (1) Salary Circle, Ranchi.
- (2) Ranchi.
- (3) Manbhum Sadar
- (4) Singhbhum.
- (5) Hazaribagh.

4. *Cuttack*—

- (1) Cuttack Circle.
- (2) Baripada Circle.
- (3) Berhampur Circle
- (4) Rayagadh Circle
- (5) Jharsuguda Circle.
- (6) Special Circle, Cuttack

PYARE LAL, Secy

COUNCIL OF THE INSTITUTE OF CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS OF INDIA**CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS***New Delhi, the 17th December 1949*

No. 13-CA(2)/49.—With reference to the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Commerce, No. 12-A(1)/47, dated the 29th November 1947, it is

hereby notified that in exercise of the powers conferred by Regulation 13 of the Chartered Accountants Regulations, 1949, the Council of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India is pleased to restore to the Register of Members with effect from 29th November 1949, the following name, namely:—

“988 Mukherjee, Dharendra Nath, 158-B, Ahiritola Street, Calcutta”

No. 13-CA(4)/49.—With reference to the Resolution of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce, No. 12-A(1)/46, dated the 28th December 1946, it is hereby notified that in exercise of the powers conferred by Regulation 13 of the Chartered Accountants Regulations, 1949, the Council of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India is pleased to restore to the Register of Members with effect from the 29th November 1949, the following name, namely:—

276 Sadar, Shaikh Hussain, Income-Tax Officer, Grand Hotel, Lal Darwaza, Ahmedabad.

M. A. MULKY, Secy.

MINISTRY OF COMMERCE**PUBLIC NOTICE****IMPORT TRADE CONTROL***New Delhi, the 17th December 1949*SUBJECT:—*Import of Ammunition scrap*

No. 9(45)-ITO/47.—It has been brought to the notice of the Government of India that several serious accidents have taken place in unloading ammunition scrap, imported along with ordinary scrap resulting in loss of life in certain cases. In order that such accidents may be avoided, it has been decided by the Government of India that henceforth ammunition scrap such as brass, copper, aluminium, cupro nickel, lead, zinc or steel scraps, containing empty or filled cartridge cases, shells, bullets, fuse bodies, primers, etc. will be allowed importation only if such scrap is first ingotting in the exporting country concerned prior to export and no live ammunition is mixed with the scrap. The shipping documents should state distinctly that it is only ingotting ammunition scrap that is being exported.

S. JAGANNATHAN, Joint Secy.

EXPORT TRADE CONTROL*New Delhi, the 17th December 1949*

No. 91-C.W.(4)/49.—In pursuance of clause (h) of the notification of the Government of India in the late Department of Commerce, No. 91-C.W (1)/45, dated the 3rd November 1945, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Open General Licence No. 4 published with the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Commerce, No. 91-C.W (4)/49, dated the 12th April 1949, namely:—

To the list of goods given in the said Open General Licence, the following shall be added, namely:—

“(lvi) Khandsari molasses.”

N. SEN GUPTA, Asstt. Secy.

MERCHANT SHIPPING*New Delhi, the 17th December 1949*

No. 2-M.I.(31)/45.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 214 of the Indian Merchant Shipping Act, 1923 (XXI of 1923), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the late Department of Commerce, No. 108-M.I (2)/30, dated the 28th February 1931, namely:—

In the second column of the Schedule to the said notification, the entry relating to the Port Department Inspector (Bombay Port Trust) shall be omitted.

MERCHANDISE MARKS

New Delhi, the 17th December 1949

No. 199(1)-Law (MM)/49.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (2) of section 19A of the Sea Customs Act, 1878 (VIII of 1878), and section 19 and sub-section (1) of section 20 of the Indian Merchandise Marks Act, 1889 (IV of 1889), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the Stamping of Piece-Goods and Testing of Yarns Rules, 1949, the same having been previously published as required by sub-section (6) of section 20 of the last named Act, namely:—

In paragraph 2 of the said Rules, after the item "Decatising Wrappers" the following item shall be added namely:—

"Laces and nets including cotton Bretonne nets."

H. C. SARIN, Deputy Secy.

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL

New Delhi, the 17th December 1949

No. 37-ITO/49.—In pursuance of clause (xiii) of the notification of the Government of India in the late Department of Commerce, No. 23-ITC/49, dated the 1st July 1948, as continues in force by the Imports and Exports (Control) Act, 1947 (XVIII of 1947), the Central Government is pleased to appoint, with effect from the 5th December 1949, the following Superintendents in the Ministry of Commerce, to be the licensing authorities for the purpose of the said clause for any goods of the descriptions specified in Parts I, II, III, IV and V of the Schedule annexed to the said notification:—

Mr A. C. Chakravarty

Mr. S. N. Lahiri.

Mr. Mahavir Singh

Mr. Hargun Das.

Mr. H. C. Malhotra

U. L. GOSWAMI, Dy. Secy.

TARIFFS

New Delhi, the 17th December 1949

No. 36(5)-T/B/49.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (i) of section 2 of the Protective Duties Act, 1946 (XVII of 1946), the Central Government is pleased to impose a duty of customs of 5 per cent. *ad valorem* on the following textile machinery and apparatus in addition to the duty leviable thereon under item Nos. 72(1) and 72(3) of the First Schedule to the Indian Tariff Act, 1934 read with the Notification of the Government of India, Ministry of Finance (Revenue Division) No. 45-Customs, dated the 23rd October, 1948, namely:—

Spinning ring frames, spinning rings, spindles and plain looms

C. C. DESAI, Secy.

RESOLUTIONS

TARIFFS

New Delhi, the 17th December 1949

No. 18(3)-T/B/49.—The Tariff Board was asked to consider the claim of the Small tools industry for protection or assistance. The Board, having examined the matter, has submitted its Report. This deals with (a) Cutting tools, (b) Precision and measuring tools and (c) Machine tool accessories.

2. The Board's recommendations are as follows:—

(1) When an indigenous small tool manufacturer is permitted to import special steels for the manufacture of small tools, so much of the import duty leviable thereon as is in excess of 5 per cent. *ad valorem* should be refunded.

(2) The Ministry of Industry and Supply should examine the complaints of the small tool manufacturers that the prices charged by the Disposals Directorate for high speed steel are on the high

side and that they are compelled to purchase sizes larger than those actually required by them, as import licences for the actual sizes are sometimes not granted. The Ministry should take necessary steps to arrange for the supply of high speed steel at prices which are not higher than those at which such steel can be imported on payment of the lower duty which we have recommended and also see that, import licences are granted for such sizes of special steel as are not in the Disposals stocks or cannot be produced locally within a reasonable time.

(3) Licences to import twist drills and reamers should not be granted on the basis of a percentage of the value of prewar imports but only for such special types and sizes of these tools as are not available in the country. The import control on these tools should be administered in consultation with the Directorate General of Industries and Supplies.

(4) The present liberal policy in respect of imports of small tools other than twist drills and reamers from soft currency countries should be continued. As the exchange position with hard currency countries continues to be difficult, Government should examine the feasibility of making a substantial reduction in the 50 per cent. quota fixed for imports from such countries, particularly in respect of tools of the types and sizes which are manufactured in the country and which are included within the scope of this inquiry.

(5) Government should consider the advisability of introducing a system of inspection by competent technical officers to ensure that the manufacturers conform to specific standards.

(6) Praga Tools should examine the various possibilities for reducing their costs of production at an early date.

(7) It is not necessary to increase the existing rates of duty in order to give protection to the small tools industry nor is there a case for the conversion of the present revenue duties into protective duties. The concessions as regards reduction of duty on imports of special steels and other forms of assistance which we recommend would be adequate to provide necessary encouragement to the industry.

(8) From the point of view of increasing production and reducing costs, it would be desirable if the Indian Tools concentrated on the manufacture of twist drills, while the Praga Tools specialised in turning out reamers and all kinds of precision and measuring tools and the Bharat Tools specialised in the production of taps and dies. The manufacture of cutters could be undertaken by all the three principal manufacturers according to the demand in their respective areas and the capacity of their plant.

(9) Until such time as the manufacturers of small tools are in a position to set up a research organisation of their own, they should make full use of the facilities provided by the National Metallurgical Laboratory and the National Physical Laboratory.

(10) All Government and Railways requirements of small tools should, as far as possible, be met from indigenous production.

(11) Government should favourably consider the request for allotment of steel quotas to the small tools industry with due regard to the needs of the other users of the high speed steel produced in the country.

(12) Government should consider the advisability of purchasing stocks of small tools, mainly reamers and gauges, lying unsold with the Praga Tools for Government requirements at prices which can be negotiated with the Corporation.

(13) The Government of India should take necessary steps for the remission of the 5 per cent. customs

duty leviable on raw materials brought from outside the Hyderabad State by the Praga Tools for use in the manufacture of small tools

3. With regard to Recommendation (1) Government consider that the requirements of the case would be adequately met by reducing the duty on bright drawn and polished drill rods. These rods are not at present manufactured in India and so far as Government are aware the rods are used only for the manufacture of small tools. These rods are assessable under item 68(80) of the Indian Customs Tariff at 30 per cent. *ad valorem* if of British manufacture and 42 per cent. *ad valorem* if not of British manufacture. The duty will be reduced to 5 per cent. *ad valorem* if of British manufacture and 15 per cent. *ad valorem* if not of British manufacture. A Notification under section 23 of the Sea Customs Act is being issued to give effect to the reduction

4. Government accept in principle the other recommendations of the Board and necessary steps will be taken to implement them

ORDER

ORDERED that a copy of this Resolution be communicated to all Provincial Governments, all Chief Commissioners, all the Ministries of the Government of India, Prime Minister's Secretariat, Cabinet Secretariat, the Private and Military Secretaries to His Excellency the Governor-General, the Central Board of Revenue, the Auditor General, the Director General of Employment and Resettlement, the Director General, Industry and Supply, the Ambassadors of India at Washington, Moscow, Paris, Nanking, Cairo, Tehran, Kathmandu, Kabul, Ankara, The Hague, Prague, Buenos Aires, and Rangoon, the High Commissioners for India in London, Canberra, Ottawa, Colombo and Karachi, Charge d'Affaires of India in Brussels, Rome, Tokyo, and Rio De Janeiro, Envoys Extraordinary and Ministers Plenipotentiary of India in Berne, Bangkok and Stockholm, the Representatives of the Government of India in New York and Singapore, Consuls General of India in Pondicherry, Nova Goa, Shanghai, Saigon, New York, Batavia, Kashgar and San Francisco, Minister of India in Lisbon, Consuls of India in Jogjakarta and Jeddah, Economic Adviser to the Indian Military Mission, Berlin, Deputy High Commissioners for India in Lahore, and Dacca, the Commissioners for the Government of India in Trinidad, Nairobi Port Louis and Fiji, Vice Consuls of India in Medan, Zahedan, Jalalabad and Kandahar, Secretary to the High Commissioner for India in South Africa—Cape Town, Agents of the Government of India in Kandy and Kuala Lumpur, Political Officer in Sikkim, Indian Government Trade Commissioners in London, Toronto, Sydney, Mombasa, Alexandria, Colombo, Karachi and Singapore, Commercial Secretaries to the Indian Embassies at Tehran, Paris, Rangoon, Rome, Berne, Kabul, Baghdad, Bangkok, and Rio De Janeiro, Commercial Counsellor to the Indian Liaison Mission, Tokyo, Assistant, Indian Government Trade Commissioner, Dacca, Commercial Attaché to the Indian Embassy, Prague, Commercial Second Secretaries to the Embassies of India at Buenos Aires and Brussels, His Majesty's Senior Trade Commissioner in India, United States Embassy, New Delhi, American Consulate General, Bombay, United Kingdom Trade Commissioner in India at Bombay and Calcutta, Commercial Secretary to the High Commissioner for Canada in India at Bombay, Senior Australian Government Trade Commissioner in India at Bombay, Australian Trade Commissioner at Calcutta, New Zealand Government Trade Commissioner in India at Bombay, Trade Commissioner for Ceylon in India at Bombay, Commercial Attaché to the Government of France, C/o Embassy of France in India, New Delhi, Swiss Trade Commissioner for British India, Burma and Ceylon at Bombay, Trade Commissioner for Iran at Bombay, Netherlands East Indies & Holland, Trade Commissioner at Bombay, Trade Agent of the U.S.S.R. in India at Calcutta, Czechoslovakia Trade Commissioner for India at Bombay, Commercial Representative of the Turkish Government in India at New Delhi, Danish Government Trade Commissioner in India at Bombay, Commercial Attaché to the Government of Egypt in India at Delhi, Commercial Secretary to the Italian Embassy in

India at New Delhi, the Chief Secretary to the Governments of Saurashtra Union, Rajkot, The United State of Vindhya Pradesh, Rewa, The United State of Rajasthan, Jaipur, Madhya Bharat, Gwalior, Patiala and East Punjab States Union, Patiala, Mysore, Bangalore, United States of Travancore and Cochin, Tiruvandrum, Hyderabad, Hyderabad, Principal Secretary to the Government of Jammu and Kashmir, Librarian, India Library, Calcutta, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, Indian Standards Institution, Delhi, Editor, Journal of Scientific and Industrial Research, P-Block, New Delhi, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, Free India Service, Tamrind House, Tamrind Lane, Bombay, Secretary to the Indian Council of World Affairs, New Delhi, Provincial Motor Transport Controller, State Transport Central Office, Bombay 18, The Section of Economics of the Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore, Representative in the Far East, Batawala Chambers, Bombay, the Economic Adviser to the Government of India, Economic Adviser to the Rajasthan Union, The Director General of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics, Calcutta, The Secretary, Indian Tariff Board, Bombay, The Secretary, Industrial Finance Corporation of India, New Delhi, and all recognised Chambers of Commerce and Trade Associations.

ORDERED that a copy be communicated to the Government of Burma.

ORDERED also that it be published in the *Gazette of India*.

No. 36(5)-T/B/49.—In compliance with the Government of India, Department of Commerce, Resolution No. 218-T(55)/45, dated the 13th July 1946, the Tariff Board conducted an enquiry, in 1947, into the claim of the Cotton Textile Machinery industry for protection. But that enquiry proved premature, and the Government of India, Ministry of Commerce, in Resolution No. 218-T/B/2/47, dated August 9, 1947, promised a subsequent enquiry in 1948. The Tariff Board have accordingly conducted, earlier in 1949, an enquiry into the conditions of the industry engaged in making spinning ring frames, spinning rings, spindles and plain looms. Their recommendations are as follows:—

- (1) that this industry should be protected for a period of three years, ending March 31, 1953;
- (2) that a protective duty of 10 per cent *ad valorem* should be imposed on imports of spinning ring frames, spinning rings, spindles and plain looms used in the cotton textile industry;
- (3) that so long as this country's balance of payments position requires import control in respect of machinery the present import control in respect of cotton spinning ring frames should be continued, and licences for imports should be issued subject to a monetary ceiling, keeping in view the indigenous demand and production;
- (4) that, if and when import control is discontinued, a subsidy should be granted to the manufacturers of spinning ring frames;
- (5) that a review of the entire scheme of protection should be made towards the end of 1952;
- (6) that suitable modifications should be incorporated in the First Schedule to the Indian Customs Tariff;
- (7) that Collectors of Customs and the Director General of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics should maintain separately records of imports of the following items of cotton textile machinery:
 - (a) *Spinning Machinery*:
 - (i) Opening and mixing room machinery,
 - (ii) Blow room machinery,
 - (iii) Carding engines,
 - (iv) Drawing frames,
 - (v) Slubbing frames,
 - (vi) Intermediate frames,
 - (vii) Roving frames,
 - (viii) Spinning ring frames.
 - (b) *Weaving Machinery*:
 - (i) Winding machines,
 - (ii) Warping machines,
 - (iii) Looms.

- (8) that all the units in the industry should maintain and forward to the Tariff Board their cost data at the end of each half year, and statistics of production, sales and selling price at the end of each quarter.

2. Government have accepted recommendations (1), (2), (3), (5), (6) and (7). Recommendation (4) as regards subsidy is rejected, since, in the present circumstances of import control, it is redundant. Recommendation (8) relates to the industry, which it will no doubt implement.

ORDER

ORDERED that a copy of this Resolution be communicated to all Provincial Governments, all Chief Commissioners, all the Ministries of the Government of India, Prime Minister's Secretariat, Cabinet Secretariat, the Private and Military Secretaries to His Excellency the Governor-General, the Central Board of Revenue, the Auditor General, the Director General of Employment and Resettlement the Director General, Industry and Supply, the Ambassadors of India at Washington, Moscow, Paris, Nanking, Cairo, Tehran, Kathmandu, Kabul, Ankara, The Hague, Prague, Buenos Aires and Rangoon, the High Commissioners for India in London, Canberra, Ottawa, Colombo and Karachi, *Charge d'Affaires* of India in Legations, Rome, Tokyo, and Rio De Janeiro, Envoys extraordinary and Ministers Plenipotentiary of India in Berne, Bangkok and Stockholm, the Representatives of the Government of India in New York and Singapore, Consuls General of India in Pondicherry, Nova Goa, Shanghai, Saigon, New York, Batavia, Kashgar and San Francisco, Minister of India in Lisbon, Consuls of India in Jogjakarta and Jeddah, Economic Adviser to the Indian Military Mission, Berlin, Deputy High Commissioners for India in Lahore, and Dacca, the Commissioners for the Government of India in Trinidad, Nairobi, Port Louis and Fiji, Vice Consuls of India in Medan, Zahidan, Jalalabad and Kandahar, Secretary to the High Commissioner for India in South Africa—Cape Town, Agents of the Government of India in Kandy and Kuala Lumpur, Political Officer in Sikkim, Indian Government Trade Commissioners in London, Toronto, Sydney, Mombasa, Alexandria, Colombo Karachi and Singapore, Commercial Secretaries to the Indian Embassies at Tehran, Paris, Rangoon, Rome, Berne, Kabul, Baghdad, Bangkok, and Rio De Janeiro, Commercial Counsellor to the Indian Liaison Mission, Tokyo, Assistant Indian Government Trade Commissioner, Dacca, Commercial Attaché to the Indian Embassy, Prague, Commercial Second Secretaries to the Embassies of India at Buenos Aires and Brussels, His Majesty's Senior Trade Commissioner in India, United States Embassy, New Delhi, American Consulate General, Bombay, United Kingdom Trade Commissioner in India at Bombay and Calcutta, Commercial Secretary to the High Commissioner for Canada in India, at Bombay, Senior Australian Government Trade Commissioner in India at Bombay, Australian Trade Commissioner at Calcutta, New Zealand Government Trade Commissioner in India at Bombay, Trade Commissioner for Ceylon in India at Bombay, Commercial Attaché to the Government of France, C/o Embassy of France in India, New Delhi, Swiss Trade Commissioner for British India, Burma and Ceylon at Bombay, Trade Commissioner for Iran at Bombay, Netherland East Indies & Holland Trade Commissioner at Bombay, Trade Agent of the U.S.S.R. in India at Calcutta, Czechoslovakia Trade Commissioner for India at Bombay, Commercial Representative of the Turkish Government in India at New Delhi, Danish Government Trade Commissioner in India at Bombay, Commercial Attaché to the Government of Egypt in India at Delhi, Commercial Secretary to the Italian Embassy in India at New Delhi, the Chief Secretary to the Governments of Saurashtra Union, Rajkot, The United State of Vindhya Pradesh, Rewa, The United State of Rajasthan, Jaipur, Madhya Bharat, Gwalior, Patiala and East Punjab States Union, **Patiala, Mysore**, Bangalore, United States of Travancore and Cochin, Trivandrum; Hyderabad, Hyderabad, Principal Secretary to the Government of Jammu and Kashmir, Librarian, India Library, Calcutta, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, Indian Standards Institution, Delhi, Editor Journal of Scientific and Industrial Research, P-Block, New Delhi, Indian Council of

Agricultural Research, Free India Service, Tamrind House, Tamrind Laue, Bombay, Secretary to the Indian Council of World Affairs, New Delhi, Provincial Motor Transport Controller, State Transport Central Office, Bombay 18, The Section of Economics of the Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore, Representative in the Far East, Batawala Chambers, Bombay, the Economic Adviser to the Government of India, Economic Adviser to the Rajasthan Union, The Director General of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics Calcutta, The Secretary, Indian Tariff Board, Bombay, The Secretary, Industrial Finance Corporation of India, New Delhi, and all recognised Chambers of Commerce and Trade Associations.

ORDERED that a copy be communicated to the Government of Burma.

ORDERED also that it be published in the *Gazette of India*.

C. C. DESAI, Secy.

MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY AND SUPPLY

New Delhi, the 17th December 1949

No. I(4)-30(2)/49.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Drugs (Control) Ordinance, 1949 (No. XXVI of 1949), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Industry & Supply No. I-(IV)/1-Drugs, dated the 3rd October, 1949, namely:—

In the Schedule to the said Notification

- (i) For the entry "Vitavel-D (Vitamin D Concentrate 60,000 I.U. per gram)—

Vial of 25 grams tablets.

25's×50,000 I.U."

Under the heading "Martin and Harris Ltd., Bombay", the following entry shall be substituted:—

"Vitavel-D (Vitamin D Concentrate)

Vial of 25 grams 60,000 I.U. per gram

Bottle of 25 tablets each of 50,000 I.U."

- (ii) The entries

"Penicillin (Sodium):

R/C vials containing—

100,000 I.U.

200,000 I.U.

500,000 I.U."

and

"Penicillin in oil B.P. (in Arachis oil with Beeswax)

R/C vials of 10 c.c. (1 c.c.=125,000 I.U.)"

under the heading "Boots Pure Drugs Co (India) Ltd., Bombay" shall be deleted.

P. S. SUNDARAM, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE

New Delhi, the 8th December 1949

No. SV-105(1)/50.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 3 of the Sugar Stocks (Control) Order, 1949, the Central Government is pleased to direct that as from the 1st day of December, 1949, the following amendment shall be made in the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Agriculture No. SV-105(1)/50, dated the 3rd November, 1949, namely:—

In the said Notification for the words "Provincial Governments of East Punjab, West Bengal, Orissa, Bombay and Madras and the Chief Commissioners of Bhopal and Rampur" the words "Provincial Governments of East Punjab, West Bengal Orissa, Bombay and Madras and the Chief Commissioner of Bhopal" shall be substituted.

New Delhi, the 13th December 1949

No. SV-105(1)/50.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Clause 3 of the Sugar Stocks (Control) Order, 1949 the Central Government is pleased to direct as follows:—

- (a) when any crystal, refined or crushed sugar manufactured from cane or from cane *garu* or palmyrah jaggery is sold by a producer—
- (b) the bag or the container in which the sugar is packed shall bear on it the name of the producer and the quality of sugar, at the time of delivery, in terms of the Indian Sugar Standards, and
- (c) the producer shall state in the sale that the price charged for the sugar is the ex-factory price, as notified by the Central Government of the grade of sugar actually delivered and marked on the bag or other container in which it is packed

This Notification will come into force at once.

N. T. MONE Joint Secy

New Delhi, the 17th December 1949

No. 2-VP(2)/49.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause 2(a) of the Vegetable Oil Products Control Order, 1947 as amended by the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Agriculture No. 2-VP(2)/48, dated the 9th October 1948, and in supersession of the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Agriculture No. 2-VP(2)/48, dated the 30th October, 1948 as amended, the Vegetable Oil Products Controller for India hereby authorises that the powers of the Controller under Section 8-A of the said Order shall be exercisable also by any District Magistrate or Deputy Commissioner and any police officer not below the rank of sub-inspector.

N. T. MONE.

Vegetable Oil Products
Controller for India.

New Delhi, the 13th November 1949

No. F. 9-4/49-PPS.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 3 of the Destructive Insects and Pests Act, 1914 (II of 1914), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the order published with the notification of the Government of India in the late Department of Education, Health and Lands, No. F.320/35-A, dated the 20th July 1936, namely:—

“In paragraph 6 of the said Order—

1. In clause (a), for the words “guaranteeing that warty disease was not known to exist on the farms where the potatoes were grown”.

2. For clause (b) the following shall be substituted, namely:—

(b) an official certificate stating—

(i) that no case of warty disease (*Synchytrium endobioticum*) of potatoes or the existence of the pests, Golden Nematode (*Heterodera rostochiensis*) and Colorado potato beetle (*Leptinotarsa decemlineata*) in any stage of development has occurred at any time during twelve months preceding the date of the certificate within five miles of the place where the potatoes included in the consignment were grown;

(ii) that the crop from which the potatoes were derived was officially inspected in the field and that the degree of freedom from virus diseases was sufficiently high to ensure the suitability of the progeny for seed purposes and that the said crop was not grown in the vicinity of any unhealthy potato crop;

(iii) that a representative sample of potatoes included in the consignment was thoroughly examined and found to be healthy and there was no evidence in it of the presence of any insect pest or fungus destructive to agricultural and horticultural crops.”

3. To the second proviso the following words shall be added, namely:—

“or the Plant Protection Adviser to the Government of India, or the Director, Central Potato Research Institute.”

S. R. MAINI, Dy. Secy

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION

New Delhi, the 7th December 1949

In the Matter of the Charitable Endowments Act, 1890 and in the Matter of the Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore.

No. F.8-68-49-T/1.—Upon the application of the Council of the Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore, and of the Board of Management of the said Institute, being the persons acting in the administration of the Trust, and in pursuance and exercise of the powers conferred by Section 5 of the Charitable Endowments Act, 1890 (Act VI of 1890), the Central Government, with the concurrence of the said Council and the said Board of Management, is pleased to declare that the Scheme for the administration and management of the properties and funds of the Indian Institute of Science, Bangalore, settled under section 5 and 7 of the said Act and set forth in Schedule H to the Vesting Order made on the 27th May, 1909, in the above-mentioned matters in pursuance of sections 4 and 7 of the aforesaid Act, and as modified by Notification No. 1-10(T) of the Government of India in the Department of Industries and Labour dated the 12th February, 1926, and Notifications Nos. F. 53-1/33 and F. 53-6/37-E of the Government of India in the Department of Education, Health and Lands dated the 21st September, 1933, and the 25th November, 1937, respectively, as substituted by Notification No. F. 53-1-/37 of the Government of India. In the Department of Education Health and Lands dated the 2nd December, 1937, and as subsequently amended shall stand further modified as set forth in the schedule annexed here-unto and that this modification shall have effected as from the 1st day of January 1950.

SCHEDULE

After Regulation 18 insert the following Regulation in the Regulations of the Institute:—

“18-A. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in Regulation 18 the term of office of the members constituting the Council for the triennium 1947-49 shall be extended till 31st December, 1950.”

P. N. KIRPAL, Dy. Secy

EDUCATION

New Delhi, the 8th December 1949

No. F.58-2/49-D.3.—In pursuance of sub-clause (ii) of clause (I) of Statute 22-A of the Statutes framed under sub-section (5) of section 17 of the Benares Hindu University Act, 1915 (Act XVI of 1915), His Excellency the Lord Rector of the Benares Hindu University is pleased to nominate Mr. S. Ratnam, Joint Secretary to the Government of India, Ministry of Finance, New Delhi, to be a member of the Standing Finance Committee of the University *vice* Mr. M. K. Sen Gupta (resigned).

L. R. SETHI, Dy. Secy

ARCHAEOLOGY

New Delhi, the 9th December 1949

No. D.2311/49-A.2.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (3) of section 3 of the Ancient Monument Preservation Act, 1904 (VII of 1904), the Central Government is pleased to confirm its Notification in the Ministry of Education No. D.2311/48 A.2, dated the 24th June 1949, as amended by corrigendum No. D.2311/48 A.2 dated the 30th August, 1949, declaring the ancient monuments described therein to be protected monuments within the meaning of the said Act.

B. N. BHARDWAJ, Asstt. Secy

MINISTRY OF HEALTH*New Delhi, the 10th December 1949*

No. F.11-13/49-PR.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 16 of the Ranchi Mental Hospital Act, 1922 (XIII of 1922), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendments shall be made in the Ranchi Mental Hospital Trustees Rules, 1922, namely:—

In Rule 3 of the said Rules—

- (i) sub-rules (2) and (3) shall be renumbered as sub-rules (1) and (2) respectively;
- (ii) in sub-rule (1) as so renumbered for the words “the said sub-section” the following shall be substituted, namely:—
“sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Act.”

HARBANS SINGH, Under Secy.

MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS

New Delhi, the 7th December 1949

No. C-28-5/49.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Central Government is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Indian Post Office Rules, 1933, namely:—

In clause (ee) of rule 183 of the said Rules, for the word “Provincial”, the words “Indian, Provincial” shall be substituted.

New Delhi, the 8th December 1949

No. R-3-73/49.—In pursuance of rule 452-A of the Indian Telegraph Rules, 1932, the Central Government is pleased to direct that the charges prescribed in item V of rule 452 of the said Rules shall, with effect from the 16th December 1949, apply to all exchanges in the Madras Telephone District which comprise telephone systems taken over by Government from the Madras Telephone Company Ltd. With all subsequent additions and modifications to the system

K. V. VENKATACHALAM Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF TRANSPORT

PORTS

New Delhi, the 9th December 1949

No. 11-P(111)/49.—Erratum.—In the Notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Transport No. 11-P(111)/49, dated the 15th October 1949 published at page 1 of the *Gazette of India*, Part I, Section 1, dated the 22nd October 1949 for “K. Cashew shell liquid in bulk 20 cwt. 2.0 0.8” read “K. Cashew shell liquid in bulk 20 cwt. 2.0 0.8”.

S. CHAKRAVARTI, Dy. Secy.

MINISTRY OF WORKS, MINES AND POWER*New Delhi, the 8th December 1949*

No. E. 3(255).—The following amendments shall be made in the Recruitment Rules for the Central Engineering Service, Class I, and the Central Electrical Engineering Service, Class I, promulgated with Ministry of Works, Mines and Power Notifications No. E. 3(97) published on pages 1205-1218 of Part I, Section I, of the *Gazette of India*, dated the 3rd September 1949:—

- (a) For the words “Royal Engineers” occurring in the proviso to rule 22 under Part V of these rules substitute the words “Royal Indian Engineers”, and
- (b) For the entry “School of Military Engineering Roorkee”, occurring in Appendix I of these rules substitute the entry “School of Military Engineering, Kirkee”.

No. E. 3(255).—The following amendment shall be made in the Recruitment Rules for the Central Engineering Service, Class II, and the Central Electrical Engineering Service, Class II, promulgated with Ministry of Works, Mines and Power Notifications No. E. 3(97), dated the 1st June, 1949 published on pages 818-829 of Part I, Section I, of the *Gazette of India*, dated the 25th June, 1949:—

For the entry “School of Military Engineering, Roorkee” occurring in Appendix I of the rules, substitute the entry “School of Military Engineer Kirkee”

H. C. GUPTA, Dy. Secy

New Delhi, the 9th December 1949

No. MII 155(56).—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of the Mines and Minerals (Regulation and Development) Act, 1948 (LIII of 1948), the Central Government is pleased to make the following amendments in the Mineral Concession Rules, 1949, published with this Ministry's Notification No. M-TI-155(24)-2, dated the 18th October 1949, namely:—

(i) in rule 7—

- (a) after the words “Provincial Government” the words “through such officer or authority as it may appoint in this behalf” shall be inserted;
- (b) for the words “the former” the words “every application for the grant of a certificate” shall be substituted;

(ii) in rules 14 and 27, after the words “Provincial Government concerned”, the words “through such officer or authority as it may appoint in this behalf”, shall be inserted

M. MALHOTRA, Asstt. Secy.

MINISTRY OF LABOUR*New Delhi, the 13th December 1949*

No. PF.15(8)/49.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Coal Mines Provident Fund and Bonus Schemes Act, 1948 (XLVI of 1948), the Central Government is pleased to extend to the coal mines in Assam the Coal Mines Provident Fund Scheme published with the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour No. PF.15(5)/48, dated the 11th December, 1948, subject to the following modifications, namely:—

I In the said Scheme—

1. For sub-paragraphs (i) and (iii) of paragraph 1 the following shall be substituted, namely:—

- (ii) It shall apply to all coal mines in Assam.
- (iii) The provisions of this Scheme shall be deemed to have come into force with effect from the first of July 1949.

2 In paragraph 2—

- (1) clauses (d), (e), (f), (g), (h), (i), (j), (k), (l), and (m) shall be renumbered as clauses (g), (h), (i), (j), (k), (m), (n), (o), (p) and (s) respectively;

(2) after clause (c) the following clauses shall be inserted, namely:—

“(d) “category I employee” means an underground miner or any other underground piece worker:

(e) “category II employee” means an employee in a coal mine other than a category I employee:

(f) “Chief Inspector of Mines” has the meaning assigned to it in sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Indian Mines Act, 1923 (IV of 1923):”

(3) after clause (k) as so renumbered the following clause shall be inserted, namely:—

“(l) “illegal strike” means a strike which is illegal within the meaning of section 24 of the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947 (XIV of (1947))”;

(4) after clause (p) as so renumbered, the following clauses shall be inserted, namely:—

“(q) “Regional Labour Commissioner” means an Officer appointed as such by the Central Government;

(r) “temporary disablement” means a condition resulting from a personal injury to an employee caused by accident or an occupational disease arising out of and in the course of his employment in a coal mine, which requires medical treatment and renders the employee temporarily incapable of work and which entitles such employee to compensation under the Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923 (VIII of 1923)”; and

(5) in clause (n) as so renumbered, the words “and shall include initial member” shall be omitted.

3. For paragraph 25 the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“25. *Class of employees required to join the Fund.*—Every employee in a coal mine to which this Scheme applies other than an excluded employee, shall be required to join the Fund and become a member immediately after the end of the quarter and following any quarter after the thirtieth of June 1949, in which he puts in attendance in a coal mine for not less than 60 days if a category I employee, or not less than 65 days if a category II employee.

Exceptions.—An employee in a coal mine shall not be entitled to count as days of attendance the period during which—

(a) his basic wages exceed three hundred rupees per month; or

(b) he is employed as a *mali*, sweeper or domestic servant on domestic and personal work; or

(c) he is employed in a State Railway coal mine on pay and under conditions of service, which for the time being, are similar to those obtaining in other Railway establishments; or

(d) he is employed as a labourer of a contractor for building, brick making or tile making.

Explanation.—An employee whose basic wages exceed three hundred rupees per month from the date on which the Scheme is deemed to have come into force or from the date on which he begins work in a coal mine to which this Scheme applies cannot qualify for membership of the Fund so long as his basic wages continue to exceed three hundred rupees per month. An employee whose basic wages exceed three hundred rupees per month subsequent to his qualifying for membership will be required to continue his membership and contributions restricted to the maximum shown in Table I in paragraph 27 will continue to be payable.”

4. After paragraph 25 the following paragraphs shall be inserted, namely:—

“25A. *Allowance for leave, etc.*—(1) For the purposes of paragraph 25 of this Scheme, leave (including sick leave) granted by the employer to an aggregate of 21 days in a calendar year and days of idleness caused by any temporary breakdown of machinery or any other technical reason shall count as days of attendance.

(2) If on any working day in any quarter an employee is on maternity leave or is unable to attend work owing to temporary disablement the number of days for which he must put in attendance to qualify for the membership of the Fund under paragraph 25 shall be reduced by 70 per cent. of such working days if a category I employee or by 85 per cent. of such working days if a category II employee.

Explanation.—In calculating the 70 per cent. or 85 per cent. of such working days, a fraction less than half shall be disregarded and not less than half shall count as one.

(8) If in any quarter any day, other than the weekly holiday, is observed as a closed holiday in any coal mine, the number of days for which the employees must put in attendance in such quarter to qualify for the membership of the Fund under paragraph 25 shall be reduced, in respect of such coal mine, by one if there be not more than

two such closed holidays, by two if there be more than two but not more than four such closed holidays and by three if there be more than four such closed holidays; provided that the number of days so reduced in a year shall not exceed three. In the event of a dispute as to whether a day is a closed holiday or not the decision of the Chief Inspector of Mines shall be final.

25B. *Effect of participation in illegal strike.*—(1) If an illegal strike takes place in a coal mine in any quarter the attendance put in during the quarter in that coal mine by all those who participate in such illegal strike shall not count as days of attendance for the purposes of paragraph 25.

(2) If any dispute arises whether a strike is legal or illegal for the purposes of this Scheme, the employer or an employee may make an application to the Regional Labour Commissioner having jurisdiction in the area in which the coal mine is situated for decision whether the strike is legal or illegal.

(3) The Regional Labour Commissioner shall, on payment of such fee as may be specified by him, give a copy of the decision to the employer or an employee asking for the same.

(4) The Regional Labour Commissioner shall decide the dispute after giving reasonable notice to the parties interested in the dispute and after affording them an opportunity of being heard.

(5) The decision of the Regional Labour Commissioner under this paragraph whether a strike is legal or illegal shall be final.

Provided that whether the question whether the strike is legal or illegal is referred to the Industrial Tribunal under the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947, the decision of that Tribunal shall prevail over the decision of the Regional Labour Commissioner.

25C. *Registers.*—(1) Every employer shall maintain a register of persons employed underground in his coal mine in Form III annexed hereto and the register shall show at any moment the name of every person then working underground.

(2) All entries in this register shall be made at the entrance or entrances to the coal mine when the persons against whose name entries are made enter or leave the coal mine.

(3) Every employer shall maintain a register of persons employed in open working or on the surface in Forms IV and V respectively annexed hereto. The register shall be kept at the office of the coal mine or at some other building at a convenient place not far from the coal mine.

(4) The registers required to be maintained by sub-paragraphs (1) and (3) shall be preserved for twenty-four months after the date of the last entry made therein.”

5. In sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 26, the words “period or” shall be omitted.

6. In paragraph 27 for sub-paragraph (1) and the proviso thereto the following shall be substituted, namely:—

“(1) Contributions shall be payable under this Scheme in respect of every member employed directly or indirectly in any coal mine to which this Scheme applies in respect of each month or week, as the case may be, for the whole or part of which he is so employed after the thirty-first of December 1949, and shall comprise contribution by the member and contribution by the employer at the rates specified in the following tables.

Provided that an employer may cease to pay contribution in respect of a member if the member, not being a member whose wages exceed three hundred rupees per month, fails to put in attendance in a quarter in a coal mine for not less than 60 days if a category I employee or not less than 65 days if a category II employee, for four successive quarters. If he does not pay the contribution as aforesaid, the election shall continue to be effective only upto the end of the quarter immediately following the quarter in which the member again puts in attendance in a coal mine for not less than 60 days if a category

Hours of Relay..

Name of Owner

Date

(2) Any bonus paid to an employee before the date on which the Scheme is notified, in respect of

a quarter for which bonus is payable as herein provided shall be deemed to have been paid under this Scheme.

- (3) A bonus due before the date of notification of this Scheme shall, if not paid earlier, be paid within six weeks from the date of such notification.

9. In sub-paragraphs (1) and (3) of paragraph 11, the words and figures "from the first of October 1948" shall be omitted.

11. The Schedule appended to the said Scheme shall be omitted.

No. PF.23(1)/49.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Coal Mines Provident Fund and Bonus Schemes Act, 1948 (XLVI of 1948), the Central Government is pleased to extend to the State of Talcher the Coal Mines Provident Fund Scheme published with the notification of the Government of India in the Ministry of Labour, No. PF.15(5)/48, dated the 11th December 1948, subject to the following modifications, namely:—

1. In the said Scheme—

1. For sub-paragraphs (i) and (iii) of paragraph 1 the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"(i) It shall apply to all coal mines in Talcher

(iii) The provisions of this Scheme shall be deemed to have come into force with effect from the first of July 1949."

2. In clause (j) of paragraph 2, the words "and shall include initial member" shall be omitted.

3. For paragraph 25 the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"25. *Class of employees required to join the Fund.*—

Every employee in a coal mine to which this Scheme applies, other than an excluded employee, shall be required to join the Fund and become a member immediately after the end of the quarter following any quarter after the thirtieth of June 1949, in which he qualified for a bonus under paragraph 5 of the Coal Mines Bonus Scheme as extended to Talcher.

Explanation.—An employee whose basic wages exceed three hundred rupees per month from the date on which the Scheme is deemed to have come into force or from the date on which he begins work in a coal mine to which the Scheme applies cannot qualify for membership of the Fund so long as his basic wages continue to exceed three hundred rupees per month since he cannot qualify for a bonus under the Coal Mines Bonus Scheme. An employee whose basic wages exceed three hundred rupees per month subsequent to his qualifying for membership will be required to continue his membership and contributions restricted to the maximum shown in Table I in paragraph 27 will continue to be payable".

4. In sub-paragraph (2) of paragraph 26 the words "period or" shall be omitted.

5. In paragraph 27 for sub-paragraph (1) and the proviso thereto the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"(1) Contributions shall be payable under this Scheme in respect of every member employed directly or indirectly in any coal mine to which this Scheme applies, in respect of each month, or week, as the case may be, for the whole or part of which he is so employed after the thirty-first of December, 1949, and shall comprise contribution by the member and contribution by the employer at the rates specified in the following tables:

Provided that an employer may cease to pay contribution in respect of a member if the member, not being a member whose wages exceed three hundred rupees per month, fails to earn a bonus in any coal mine for four successive quarters. If he does not pay the contribution as aforesaid, the election shall continue to be effective only upto the end of the quarter immediately following the quarter in which he again qualifies for a bonus under paragraph 5 of the Coal Mines Bonus Scheme as extended to Talcher. In the meantime, such a member shall continue as a non-contributory member so long as he does not withdraw from membership under paragraph 63";

(2) Tables I and II shall remain unchanged.

6. Paragraph 31 shall be omitted.

7. For sub-paragraph (1) of paragraph 32 the following shall be substituted, namely:—

"(1) Every employer shall be required to pay for credit to the "Reserve Account" of the Fund a consolidated contribution in respect of the period from the thirtieth of January 1948, upto the thirty-first of December 1949, at such rate per ton of coal raised in the coal mine during the period concerned as the Central Government may specify in this behalf."

8. In paragraph 37, the words "or an initial member" shall be omitted.

II. Form B appended to the said scheme shall be omitted.

S. MULLICK, Dy. Secy.

New Delhi, the 14th December 1949

No. SS 122(2).—In pursuance of sub-section (3) of section 94 of the Government of India Act, 1935, the Governor General is pleased to direct that the functions of the Provincial Government under the Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948 (XXXIV of 1948), shall be discharged by the Chief Commissioners of Ajmer-Merwara, Andaman and Nicobar Islands, Coorg, Delhi and Panth Piploda within their respective provinces

N. M. PATNAIK, Dy. Secy.

ERRATA

IMPORT TRADE CONTROL

New Delhi, the 17th December 1949

No. 1(23) ITC/49.—*Corrigendum* to Ministry of Commerce Public Notice No. 1(23)-ITC/49 dated the 12th September 1949 published in the *Gazette of India* (Extraordinary) dated the 13th September 1949 regarding principles governing issue of import licences for the July-December 1949 licensing period.

Page No. of the Gazette	Details of Correction
1666 . .	In column 7 against S. No. 5(1), delete the word "and" occurring between 'Card Clothing and Card Sundries' and insert the word "and healds and reeds" after the word "Card Sundries".
1682 . .	In column 7 against S. Nos. 156, 157, 158, 159 and 160 substitute "subject to quota and monetary ceiling" for the existing entries. In Column 8 insert "(BB) Applications for established importers already made to C.C. Imports New Delhi are being forwarded to Import Trade Controllers for disposal".
1683 . .	In column 7 against S. No. 168 insert the words "to actual users only" between "monetary ceiling" and the letter 'X'.
1693 . .	In column 8 against S. No. 244 for the words "Triplex safety glass" substitute "safety glass like Triplex, Toughened, laminated or wired etc."
1695 . .	(i) In column 7 against S. No. 271 the letters "(ZZ)" should be added after the words "No licences". (ii) In column 8 against S. No. 272, insert the words "Superior Incandescent lamps—hanging type, and for" between the words, "for" and "parts". In column 5 against S. No. 303, insert "except to cover trade agreement" after the words "No licences".
1700 . .	In column 5 against S. No. 305 insert "except to cover trade agreement" after the words "No Licences".
1717 . .	In column 2 against S. No. 67 (1) insert "type setting and casting machines" after the words "type casting machines".
1718 . .	Against S. No. 68 in column 7 insert letters "(dd)" and in column 8 insert "(dd) licences for Rubber blankets for printing presses will be granted subject to essentiality and monetary ceiling".
1725 . .	In column 7 against S. No. 118 substitute "subject to essentiality and monetary ceiling" for the existing entry.
1737 . .	Add the following as Note (4) at the bottom :— "Figures of imports of the articles concerned made in contravention of the Import Trade Control Regulations, i.e. without valid import licence where necessary should not be included as no credit can be given for this in the calculation of quotas".
1738 . .	In Appendix 'K' insert the following entry :— "113—Alkaloids of opium and their derivatives—28 (ii)" before the entry shown against S. No. 114.
1742 . .	In Appendix M—Dollar list against note No. 1 between the words "licences" and "will" insert "for Auromycine, [Chloromycetin, Pencilline, Procaine, Streptomycin and Liver Extracts". Also add the following as a fresh sentence :— "For other articles licences will be granted to established importers on quota basis." Insert "Aminacyl (P.A.S.)" between "Agar excluding preparations thereof" and "Amyl Nitrite" in Appendix M—Switzerland list.
1743 . .	Insert "Billamid—Pyridine acid carbamic-oxy-methyl amide" between "Benzly Benzoate" and "Bile Acids".
1744 . .	Substitute "Theophylline-Cum Ethylenediamine" for the words "Theophyllin Cum Butylenediamine". Insert (i) "Lyapamin—Nicotinylamino—diphenyl—thane Phenobarbital" after 'Lobeline' (ii) "Muethural—Dioxymethyl—Carbamide" between the words "Mersalyl" and "Methyl Sulphonol". (iii) "Pyridacil—Phenylazo—di amino—pyridine hydrochloride" after the words "Procaine Hydrochloride".
1740 . .	Insert "Carbasone" between "Calcium Glycerophosphate excluding preparations thereof" and "Carbon Tetrachloride".
1747 . .	(i) Insert "Cocaine Hydrochloride" between "choline excluding preparations thereof" and "Colchicine". (ii) Insert "Diiodo—Hydroxy quinoline" between "Dimethionine" and "Emetine Hydrochloride".
1748 . .	(i) Delete "Hormones—natural synthetic and analogues excluding liver extract, extract pituitary, liquor Adrenaline", (ii) Insert "Liver Extract (Inject)" between "Lithium Citrate" and "Lobeline". (iii) Insert "Methyl chloride" between "Methionine excluding preparations thereof" and "Methyl Salicylate excluding preparations thereof".
1749 . .	(i) Insert "Pethidine Hydrochloride B. P." between "Pepsin" and "Pento-thal Sodium". (ii) Insert "Sulphur Dioxide" after "Sodium Bicarbonate B. P."
1750 . .	At the end of Appendix 'M' list of drugs etc. allowed from soft currency countries, add the following as a fresh sentence after the words "agents only" in the foot note :—"For other articles licences will be granted to established importers on quota basis".
1751 . .	(i) Delete "Anhydrous Ammonia, Methyl Chloride, Sulphur Dioxide" from Appendix N. (ii) Substitute "Dichloro—Difluoro-Methane" for "Freon".
1751 and 1752.	The word "high" appearing after the word "Magnesium Carbonate" should be substituted by the word "light".
1753 . .	Insert the following as entry No. 10 in Appendix P. "C.T.L.A. Ploymer".
1754 . .	Delete entry No. "37-C.T.L.A. Ploymer" from Appendix-P and re-number the remaining entries.
1762 . .	In column 3 against S. No. 5 (2) add letter "(C)".

S. JAGANNATHAN,
Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

